

Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

3 Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

Replacement of Saved UDP Policies

3.1 All the policies in the 10 Greater Manchester District’s Unitary Development Plans (UDP) have been saved until they are replaced by policies of the Local Development Framework, including the Minerals Plan. The following list sets out the UDP minerals policies that are intended to be replaced by Minerals Plan policies when they are adopted.

Table 34 Unitary Development Plan for Bolton - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
M1	Minerals	Replaced with Bolton’s Core Strategy Policy P3; and Greater Manchester Minerals Plan Policy 1, 2, 3 and 7.
M2	Minerals Areas of Search	Replaced with Bolton’s Core Strategy Policy P4; and Greater Manchester Minerals Plan Policy 1, 2.
M3	Determining planning applications	Replaced with Bolton’s Core Strategy Policy CG4, P4 and generic Development Management Policies; Greater Manchester Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4,7, 8, 9, 10, 10, 11 and 12; and Greater Manchester Waste Plan Policies 1 and 2.
M4	Conditions to be applied/ Legal Agreements	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.
M5	Aggregate Mineral Workings	Replaced with Bolton's Core Strategy Policy P4; and Minerals Plan Policy 1 and 2.

Table 35 Bury Unitary Development Plan - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
MW1	Protection of Mineral Resources	Replaced with Bury’s Core Strategy Policy SDS10; and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2 and 7.

3 Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
MW2	Environmental Considerations for Mineral Workings	Replaced with Bury's Core Strategy Policy SDS10 and generic Development Management Policies; Minerals Plan Policy 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.
MW2/3	Development Control Conditions (Minerals)	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF; Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.
MW2/4	Longstanding Planning Permissions	This falls under ROMP
MW2/5	Derelict or Degraded Land (Minerals)	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 9
MW2/6	Alternatives to Newly Won Minerals	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1 and 2 and Waste Plan Policy 4 and 5
MW2/7	Transport Routes for Minerals and Mineral Waste	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 8
MW2/8	Materials for Restoration	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 12
MW2/9	Standards of Restoration (Minerals)	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 12

Table 36 Manchester Unitary Development Plan - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
DC28	Minerals	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF; and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12; Waste Plan Policies 6 and 7.

Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

Table 37 Oldham Replacement Unitary Development Plan - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
NR4	The Need for Minerals	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2 and 4.
NR4.1	Prevention of Mineral Sterilisation	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 7, 10 and 11.
NR4.2	Primary, Secondary and Recycled Aggregate	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1 and 2; Waste Plan Policy 4 and 5.
NR4.3	Criteria for assessing proposals for mineral working and processing	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Table 38 Rochdale Unitary Development Plan - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
G/M/1	Protection and Prudent use of Resources	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1 and 2.
M/2	Location of Mineral Working	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 3 and 5.
M/3	Assessment of Proposals	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11
M/4	Operating Conditions	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10 and 11.
M/5	Restoration and Aftercare	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 10 and 11.
M/6	Transport of Minerals	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1, 2 and 4.
M/7	Alternatives to Newly-Won Minerals	Replaced with Core Strategy Policy W3; Minerals Plan Policy 8.
M/8	Long Standing Planning Permissions	This falls under ROMP

3 Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

Table 39 Salford City Council Unitary Development Plan - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
ST17	Mineral Resources	Replaced with: Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 7, 10 and 11.
M1	Protection of Mineral Resources	Replaced with: Minerals Plan Policies 7, 10 and 11.
M2	Mineral Development	Replaced with: Salford's Core Strategy Policy MN1; Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9 and 12.

Table 40 Stockport Unitary Development Plan Review - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
MW1	Mineral Extraction	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11.
MW1.1	Development Control Criteria for Minerals or Waste Development	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF; Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.
MW1.3	Mineral and Waste Sites: Schemes of working, restoration and aftercare	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4 and 12.
MW1.4	Mineral and Waste Sites: Control over Operations	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Table 41 Tameside Unitary Development Plan - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
1.13	Meeting obligations on minerals, waste and energy	Minerals aspects replaced with: Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
MW1	Protection of Mineral Resources	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 7, 10 and 11.
MW2	Supply of Aggregate Minerals	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2 and 4.
MW3	Reclamation of Derelict Land	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 9.
MW5	Movement of Minerals and Waste	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 8.
MW9	Control of Minerals and Waste Developments	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Table 42 Trafford Unitary Development Plan - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
M1	Protection of Mineral Deposits	Replaced with Trafford's Core Strategy W3 and Minerals Plan Policy 7.
M2	Extraction of Minerals	Replaced with Trafford's Core Strategy W3 and Minerals Plan Policies 2 and 4.
M3	Aggregate Minerals	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1, 2 and 4.
M4	All Minerals - Exploration Criteria	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.
M5	Mineral Sterilisation	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 7, 10 and 11.
M6	Aggregates	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1 and 2.

3 Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
M7	All Minerals Other Than Oil And Gas, Including the Reworking of Spoil Tips	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9 and 12.
M8	All Minerals - Working and Restoration	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1, 2, 4 and 12.
M9	Standards of Restoration	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 12.
M10	Reclamation	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 9
M11	Modification of Old Planning Permissions	This falls under ROMP
M12	Provision of Depots	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 8, 10 and 11.
M13	Oil and Natural Gas	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1, 2, 4 and 5.
M14	All Minerals - Standards of Working	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Table 43 Replacement Wigan Unitary Development Plan - replacement of saved policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
MW1	Mineral Working	Replaced with Core Strategy Policy CP16 and Minerals Plan Policy 1 and 2.
MW1A	Protection of Mineral Resources	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 7, 10 and 11.
MW1B	Aggregate Production	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1, 2, 4 and 8.
MW1C	Mineral Working and Exploration	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4 and 8.

Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

Policy Number	Title	Comment
MW1D	Remnant Mossland	Replaced with Minerals Plan Policy 1 and 5.
MW1E	Operation and Restoration of Mineral Workings	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.
MW1F	Control of Mineral Workings	Replaced with generic Development Management Policies within the LDF and Minerals Plan Policies 1, 2, 4, 8, 10, 11 and 12.

Replacement of existing Mineral Policies

Summary of Sustainability Appraisal

4 Summary of Sustainability Appraisal

4.1 Sustainability Appraisal is a systematic process used to assess the extent to which a plan or strategy will help to achieve relevant social, environmental and economic objectives. It also suggests ways of avoiding or reducing negative impacts. The findings of SA should be reflected in the adopted Minerals Plan to help ensure that it maximises its contribution to future sustainability.

4.2 The Sustainability Appraisal considers the potential implications of the Minerals Plan by assessing the plan against a series of social, environmental and economic objectives.

4.3 The Sustainability Appraisal process concluded that the Minerals Plan has the potential to deliver a wide range of social, environmental and economic benefits. However, it also identified instances where the Plan could have a negative or uncertain impact on sustainability objectives and several opportunities to further enhance the Plan's sustainability.

Aim

4.4 By facilitating the use of recycled aggregates and secondary mineral products and delivering a steady supply of minerals to meet Greater Manchester's needs, it is envisaged that the Aim would have a significant positive impact on the objectives relating to exploiting the growth potential of business sectors; restoring and protecting land and soil; and ensuring the prudent use of natural resources.

4.5 The Aim is also likely to have some positive effect on the sub-region's labour market; the image of Greater Manchester; reducing the need to travel; mitigating climate change and protecting air quality. Furthermore, the strengthening of the reference to protecting the environment and community from the impacts of minerals development should ensure the Aim has a positive impact on the objectives relating to physical and mental health; biodiversity, species, habitats and sites of geological importance; landscape and townscape character; local environmental quality; the quality of controlled waters; and risk of flooding. There are anticipated negative or uncertain effects of the Aim on the sustainability objectives.

Minerals Plan Policies

4.6 The Key Planning and Environmental Criteria policy would have a positive impact on a wide range of sustainability objectives, particularly those relating to environmental issues. The policy would however have an uncertain impact on a number of economic objectives. Nevertheless, as the approach set out in the policy is necessary to ensure mineral developments contribute to sustainable development, no mitigation measures are recommended to address this.

4.7 The inclusion of a cross-reference to the Key Planning and Environment Criteria contained within Policy 1 ensures that each of the subsequent policies in this chapter would have a positive impact on a range of sustainability objectives, particularly those

4 Summary of Sustainability Appraisal

relating to environmental issues. In addition, policies 2, 3 and 4 would have a positive impact on a number of the economic objectives and the Peat policy would have a particularly significant impact on the objectives relating to biodiversity; land and soil; mitigating climate change; flood risk; and the prudent use of natural resources. It is however anticipated that the policy relating to Unconventional Gas Resources would have a negative impact on the objectives relating to climate change and energy use. Nevertheless, it is recognised that the importation of energy minerals from outside the UK would have a markedly greater impact on the objective of mitigating climate change.

Mineral Safeguarding Areas

4.8 The policy relating to Mineral Safeguarding Areas (MSAs) would have a major positive impact on the objective of ensuring the prudent use of natural resources and the sustainable management and safeguarding of existing resources and some positive impact on a range of economic, social and environmental objectives. The policy would not have any uncertain or negative effects.

Development Management Policies

4.9 The policy relating to the transport of minerals would impact positively on a number of the sustainability objectives, including those relating to the use of sustainable transport modes; mitigating climate change; promoting the efficient use of energy; protecting townscape character; and protecting local environmental quality.

4.10 The reworking of colliery spoil tips policy would have a positive impact on a number of the economic and environmental objectives. In particular, it would have a major positive impact on the objectives of ensuring the prudent use of natural resources and protecting landscape and townscape character. It does however have the potential to have a negative impact on the objectives relating to air quality; reducing the need to travel; mitigating climate change; and minimising the requirement for energy use.

4.11 The policies relating to Protecting Existing Minerals Sites/Infrastructure and Quarries Important for Maintaining Historic Buildings would both have a largely positive impact on the sustainability objectives. Neither of these policies would have any negative or uncertain impacts on the sustainability objectives.

4.12 The aftercare and restoration policy would have a range of positive impacts, particularly on the environmental objectives. There are no predicted negative effects on the sustainability objectives. However, as the potential afteruses of sites are unknown, it is difficult to appraise the impact of the policy on some of the sustainability objectives.

1 Glossary

Table 44

Acronym	Term	Definition
	Aggregates	Sand, gravel, crushed rock and other bulk materials used by the construction industry.
AGMA	Association of Greater Manchester Authorities	Formed after the abolition of the Greater Manchester Council in 1986 and co-ordinates certain functions at a metropolitan level.
	Apportionment	The splitting of regional supply guidelines for minerals demand between planning authorities or subregions.
AMR	Annual Monitoring Report	A report submitted to Government by Local Planning Authorities assessing Local Development Framework production progress and policy effectiveness.
C&D	Construction and Demolition Waste	Controlled waste arising from the construction, repair, maintenance and demolition of buildings and structures
CDEW	Construction, Demolition and Excavation Waste	Construction, Demolition and Excavation Waste materials produced as a waste from construction sites, or from the demolition of buildings or structures, or produced from excavation
	Conditions (or 'Planning Condition')	Requirements attached to a Planning Permission to limit or direct the manner in which development is carried out.
	Conservation Area	Areas of special architectural or historic interest, the character, appearance or setting of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance.
	Controlled Waters	Includes territorial and coastal waters, inland freshwaters and groundwater.
	Core Strategy	Sets out the long-term spatial vision for the local planning authority area, the spatial objectives, and outlines the strategic policies required to deliver that vision in respect of minerals and waste.

1

Glossary

Acronym	Term	Definition
	Cumulative Impact	A number of developments in a locality or a continuous activity over time that together may have an increased impact on the environment, local community or economy.
DCLG	Department for Communities and Local Government	The Government department responsible for planning and local government
Defra	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	Government department with national responsibility for sustainable waste management
	Development Control/ Development Management	The process whereby a local planning authority receives and considers the merits of a planning application and whether it should be given permission having regard to the development plan and all other material considerations.
DPD	Development Plan Document	Development Plan Documents are prepared by local planning authorities and outline the key development goals of the local development framework.
EIA/ES	Environmental Impact Assessment and Environmental Statement	Applicants for certain types of development are required to submit an 'environmental statement' accompanying a planning application. This evaluates the likely environmental impacts of the development together with an assessment of how the severity of the impacts could be reduced.
GONW	Government Office for the North West	The Government's regional office.
GM	Greater Manchester	The area covered by the districts of Bolton, Bury, Manchester, Oldham, Rochdale, Salford, Stockport, Tameside, Trafford and Wigan.
	Groundwater	Water lying underground, within strata known as aquifers.
HRA	Habitat Regulations Assessment	Assessment of the impacts of implementing a plan or policy on an internationally important habitat such as SAC or SPA.
HGV	Heavy Goods Vehicle	A large vehicle for transporting goods.

Glossary

Acronym	Term	Definition
JMDPD	Joint Minerals Development Plan Document	A planning document which will become part of the ten Greater Manchester authorities' Local Development Framework.
	Landbank	A stock of planning permissions for reserves that ensure continuity of production for a set number of years.
	Land Use Planning	The Town and Country Planning system regulates the development and use of land in the public interest.
LDF	Local Development Framework	Describes the folder of documents which contains all of a local authority's local development documents (including development plan documents, local development scheme and statement of community involvement).
LDS	Local Development Scheme	The timetable for the development of Local Development Frameworks which conforms with the Statement of Community Involvement.
	Low Quality Aggregate	Low quality aggregates do not have the same properties, for example crushing strength, resistance to impact, etc, as good quality aggregates and are frequently used for low-value end uses, for example as construction fill.
LSP	Local Strategic Partnership	Non-statutory, non-executive body bringing together representatives of the public, private and voluntary sectors. Local Strategic Partnerships are responsible for preparing Community Strategies.
	Manchester City Region	A city region is based on the economic footprint of a city. The Manchester City Region extends beyond the administrative boundary of Greater Manchester and incorporates the interconnection of markets for jobs, housing and the supply of goods or services.
	Minerals Hierarchy	The hierarchical approach to minerals supply set out in MPS1 aims to reduce as far as practicable the quantity of material used and waste generated, then to use as much recycled and secondary material as possible, before finally

1

Glossary

Acronym	Term	Definition
		securing the remainder of material needed through new primary extraction.
MPA	Mineral Planning Authority	The planning authority responsible for planning control of minerals development. The 10 mineral planning authorities in Greater Manchester are the statutory bodies controlling mineral workings in their areas.
MPG	Minerals Planning Guidance	Documents issued by the DCLG setting out government policy and advice on minerals planning issues. (Currently being replaced by Minerals Planning Policy Statements).
MPS	Minerals Policy Statements	Minerals Planning Statement published by DCLG. MPSs will eventually replace Minerals Planning Guidance notes.
	Mines and Quarries Waste	Waste from a mine or quarry.
ODPM	Office of the Deputy Prime Minister	The Government department formerly responsible for planning and local government. These functions are now the responsibility of DCLG.
	Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004	The Act updates elements of the 1990 Town and County Planning Act. The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 introduces a new system for local planning; reforms to the development control and compulsory purchase and compensation systems; and removes crown immunity from planning controls.
PPS	Planning Policy Statement	Issued by central Government to replace the existing Planning Policy Guidance notes, in order to provide greater clarity and to remove from national policy advice on practical implementation, which is better expressed as guidance rather than policy.
	Public Consultation	A process through which the public is informed about proposals fashioned by a planning authority or developer and invited to submit comments on them.

Glossary

Acronym	Term	Definition
	Recycled Aggregates	Aggregates produced from recycled construction materials such as crushed concrete and planings from tarmac roads.
RAWP	Regional Aggregates Working Party	A working group consisting of local authority officers, representatives of the aggregates industry and Central Government.
RSS	Regional Spatial Strategy	Formerly the “development plan” for a region. The Government announced the revocation of RSS in July 2010.
	Secondary Aggregates	Includes by-product of waste, synthetic materials and soft rock used with or without processing as a secondary aggregate.
SSSI	Site of Special Scientific Interest	A site identified under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as incorporated in the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000) as an area of special interest by reason of any of its flora, fauna, geological or physiographical features (basically plants, animals and natural features relating to the Earth's structure).
	Spatial Planning	Spatial planning goes beyond traditional land use planning to bring together and integrate policies for the development and use of land with other policies and programmes which influence the nature of places and how they function. This will include policies which can impact on land use, for example, by influencing the demands on, or needs for, development, but which are not capable of being delivered solely or mainly through the granting or refusal of planning permission and which may be implemented by other means.
SAC	Special Area of Conservation	Designation made under the Habitats Directive to ensure the restoration or maintenance of certain natural habitats.
SPA	Special Protection Area	Sites classified under the European Community Directive on Wild Birds to protect internationally important bird species.

1

Glossary

Acronym	Term	Definition
	Stakeholder	Any person or organisation who is interested in, or may be affected by, the planning proposals being considered.
SCI	Statement of Community Involvement	Local Development Framework document that sets out the Council's policy for involving the public and other stakeholders in the preparation and revision of the Local Development Framework.
SEA	Strategic Environmental Assessment	A formal process which analyses and evaluates the environmental effects of a plan or programme (carried out in conjunction with Sustainability Appraisal)
	Soundness (tests of)	When the Minerals Plan is submitted, the examination will consider whether the policies contained within it are 'sound' - in other words 'fit for purpose'. To be sound the Strategy must pass three 'Tests of Soundness' defined by Planning Policy Statement 12 (PPS12).
SA	Sustainability Appraisal	A formal process which analyses and evaluates the environmental, social and economic impacts of a plan or programme.
SCS	Sustainable Community Strategy	A strategy prepared by local authorities to help deliver local community aspirations under the Local Government Act 2000.
	Sustainable Development	Sustainable development is focused on providing a better quality of life for everyone now and for generations to come. This is achieved through considering the long-term effects of social, economic and environmental impacts in an integrated and balanced manner.
	The Act	Refers to the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act (2004)
UDP	Unitary Development Plan	Development Plan produced by metropolitan districts such as those in Greater Manchester. UDPs will be saved for a certain period of time following the Planning and Compulsory Act 2004 but will eventually be replaced by policies contained in documents within LDFs.



Bolton
Council

Bury
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MANCHESTER
CITY COUNCIL



Oldham
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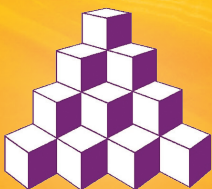


STOCKPORT
METROPOLITAN BOROUGH COUNCIL

Tameside
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